

Attorney's Docket No. 010091-001/10/ar

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application of C. Richard SCHLEGEL et al Application No.: 08/216,506 Filed: March 22, 1994

For: PAPILLOMAVIRUS VACCINE

Group Art Unit: 1813
Examiner: A. Caputa

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT CROUP 1800

Honorable Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

sir:

In order to ensure compliance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.56, Applicants submit the following additional references which relate to the subject matter of this application. For the convenience of the Examiner, these references are briefly discussed below.

Applications Relating to Expression of Papillomavirus L1 Proteins

While none of the following applications was published prior to the effective filing date of this application, these applications are cited because there may be U.S. counterparts which claim subject matter related to this application.

WO 94/05792 by Lowy et al, and naming the U.S. Government as Applicant, claims a baculovirus constructs encoding papillomavirus L1 sequence, methods of making L1 proteins by recombinant methods, papillomavirus vaccines containing L1 or L1 and L2 proteins, papillomavirus diagnostic kits and uses thereof. This

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application identifies U.S. applications 07/941,371, filed September 3, 1992 and 08/032,869, filed March 16, 1993.

WO 92/02184 by Frazer et al, and naming The University of Queensland as Applicant, claims methods for making papillomaviruses VLP's containing L1 or L1 and L2 proteins, VLP's produced by said methods, recombinant viruses containing L1 or L1 and L2 coding sequences, specific DNA fragments and constructs, and methods of ELISA diagnosis of papillomavirus infection. The published application does not identify any U.S. counterparts. However, the PCT application names the U.S. as a designated state. For the convenience of the Examiner, the Australian priority document is also submitted. It should be noted that this priority document does not teach expression of conformationally correct HPV L1 proteins, but rather is limited to the expression of the HPV 16 prototype.

WO 94/20137 by Rose et al, and naming the University of Rochester as the Applicant, is directed to expression of human papillomavirus L1 sequences in recombinant host cells, in particular using a baculovirus expression system. The published application refers to two U.S. applications, 08/028,517, filed March 9, 1993 and 08/207,309, filed March 7, 1994.

Reference Relating to Papillomavirus Vaccines

Pfister, Herbert, "Papillomaviruses and Human Cancer", CRC Press, Chapters 11-12, pp. 225-251 (1991), relates to papillomavirus diagnostics and prospects for human papillomaviral vaccines.

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References Relating to the Expression of COPV in the Beagle Dog Animal Model

The following references were published after the filing date. However, they are submitted to the Examiner because they provide additional evidence of the overwhelming acceptance by those expert in the art that the COPV/beagle animal model is a suitable model for predicting the efficacy of HPV vaccines.

Ghim et al, "Papilloma Extracts and Recombinant L1 Protein Protect Completely Against Mucosal Papillomavirus Infection: A Canine Model", Oct. 8-12, 1994, 13th International Papillomavirus Conference.

International Agency (WHO) for Research on Cancer Press Release, December 15, 1994, "Human Papillomavirus Vaccines and Their Potential Use in the Prevention and Treatment of Cervical Neoplasia". Note the last sentence of the reference wherein it is stated that "a prophylactic vaccine will be available commercially within 3-4 years".

Ghim et al, "Formalin-Inactivated Oral Papilloma Extracts and Recombinant L1 Vaccines Protect Completely Against Mucosal Papillomavirus Infection: A Canine Model", Oct. 8, 1994.

Newsome et al, IBC International Symposium, Veterinary Vaccines, Oct. 27-28, 1994, "Formalin-Inactivated Oral Papilloma Extracts and Recombinant L1 Vaccines Protect Completely Against Mucosal Papillomavirus Infection: A Canine Model".

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References Relating to Expression of HPV L1 Proteins

Gynecologic Oncology, 55, 10-12, 1994, "Recombinant Viruslike Particles Retain Conformational Epitopes of Native Human Papillomaviruses and May Be Useful for Vaccine Development".

Rose et al. J. Gen. Virology, 75, 2075-2079, 1994, "Human papillomavirus (HPV) type 11 recombinant virus-like particles induce the formation of neutralizing antibodies and detect HPVspecific antibodies in human sera".

Christensen et al, J. Gen. Virology, 76, 2271-2276, 1994, "Assembled baculovirus-expressed human papillomavirus type I protein virus-like particles are recognized by neutralizing monoclonal antibodies and induce high titres of neutralizing antibodies".

Hines et al, Gynecologic Oncology, 55, 13-20, 1994, "Role of Conformational Epitopes Expressed by Human Papillomavirus Major Capsid Proteins in the Serologic Detection of Infection and Prophylactic Vaccination".

To assist the Examiner in entering these documents in the record, they are listed in the accompanying form PTO-1449.

Respectfully submitted,

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